## **GFH FINANCIAL GROUP BSC**

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## 30 June 2021

Commercial registration : 44136 (registered with Central Bank of Bahrain

as an Islamic wholesale Bank)

Registered Office : Bahrain Financial Harbour

Office: 2901, 29th Floor Building 1398, East Tower Block: 346, Road: 4626 Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain Telephone +973 17538538

Directors : Jassim Al Seddiqi, Chairman

H.E. Shaikh Ahmed Bin Khalifa Al-Khalifa, Vice Charirman

(resigned wef 25 Feb 2021) Hisham Ahmed Alrayes Rashid Nasser Al Kaabi Ghazi Faisal Ebrahim Alhajeri

Ali Murad

Ahmed Abdulhamid AlAhmadi

Alia Al Falasi

Fawaz Talal Al Tamimi Edris Mohammed Rafi Alrafi

Chief Executive Officer : Hisham Ahmed Alrayes

Auditors : KPMG Fakhro

## **GFH FINANCIAL GROUP BSC**

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION for the six months ended 30 June 2021

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## Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information

The Board of Directors GFH Financial Group BSC Manama Kingdom of Bahrain

12 August 2021

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2021 condensed consolidated interim financial information of GFH Financial Group BSC (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021;
- the condensed consolidated income statement for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of changes in restricted investment accounts for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of sources and uses of zakah and charity fund for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with the basis of preparation stated in note 2 of the condensed consolidated interim financial information. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards for Islamic Financial Institutions and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 June 2021 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation stated in Note 2 of the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

#### Other matter

Due to the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) in early 2020, the Central Bank of Bahrain vide its circular OG/124/2020 dated 30 March 2020 had exempted all public shareholding companies and locally incorporated banks from preparation and publication of condensed consolidated interim financial information for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020. We have not reviewed comparative information presented for the three-month period ended 30 June 2020 in the condensed consolidated statement of income statement which has been extracted from management accounts of the Group and, we do not express any review conclusion on them.

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## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2021 US\$ 000's

	note	30 June	31 December	30 June
		2021	2020	2020
		(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)
ASSETS				
Cash and bank balances		593,229	536,502	598,969
Treasury portfolio	9	2,379,758	1,878,546	1,594,462
Financing assets	10	1,252,936	1,267,266	1,275,622
Investment in real estate	11	1,817,499	1,812,315	1,808,534
Proprietary investments	12	171,357	216,108	251,328
Co-investments	13	128,272	126,319	98,558
Receivables and prepayments		578,336	605,658	399,555
Property and equipment		135,741	144,149	107,743
Total		7,057,128	6,586,863	6,134,771
LIABILITIES				
Clients' funds		88,776	130,935	104,383
Placements from financial, non-financial institutions and individuals		2,722,879	2,418,000	2,296,788
Customer current accounts		150,462	140,756	127,694
Term financing	14	1,269,419	1,089,077	929,532
Payables and accruals	'-	428,670	465,038	396,175
. Ly 11.00 and addition		720,010	400,000	390,175
Total		4,660,206	4,243,806	3,854,572
	İ	, ,	1,2.0,000	5,001,072
Equity of investment account holders		1,221,554	1,156,993	1,098,723
OWNERS' EQUITY				
Share capital	8	1,000,638	975,638	975,638
Treasury shares	8	(62,234)	(63,979)	(76,801)
Statutory reserve	8	24,058	19,548	125,312
Investment fair value reserve		4,109	5,593	(12,906)
Foreign currency translation reserve		(50,258)	(46,947)	(48,929)
Retained earnings	8	17,940	22,385	(110,273)
Share grant reserve		1,093	1,093	1,198
Total equity attributable to shareholders of Bank	Γ	935,346	913,331	853,239
Non-controlling interests	-	240,022	272,733	328,237
Total owners' equity		1,175,368	1,186,064	1,181,476
Total liabilities, equity of investment account				
holders and owners' equity		7,057,128	6,586,863	6,134,771

The Board of Directors approved the condensed consolidated interim financial information on 12 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Jassim Al Seddiqi Chairman

Hisham Alrayes Chief Executive Officer & Board member

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

for the six months ended 30 June 2021

US\$ 000's

		Six montl	ns ended	Three months ended			
	note	30 June 2021 (reviewed)	30 June 2020 (reviewed)	30 June 2021 (reviewed)	30 June 2020 (unreviewed)		
Investment banking income							
Asset management		1,599	2,727	794	1,889		
Deal related income		33,138	38,237	16,353	24,624		
Commercial banking income		34,737	40,964	17,147	26,513		
Commercial banking income Income from financing		39,784	41,268	18,126	19,173		
Treasury and investment income		33,323	17,372	22,509	9,184		
Fee and other income		2,257	3,206	701	1,124		
Less: Return to investment account holders		(16,093)	(15,978)	(7,804)	(6,620)		
Less: Finance expense		(17,558)	(13,494)	(8,991)	(5,492)		
		41,713	32,374	24,541	17,369		
Income from proprietary and co-investments		40.004					
Direct investment income, net Dividend from co-investments		13,921	19,300	2,780	11,215		
Dividend from co-investments		5,010 <b>18,931</b>	4,109	2,610	1,863		
Real estate income		10,931	23,409	5,390	13,078		
Development and sale		7,346	9,256	3,913	6,436		
Rental and operating income		2,134	1,157	990	563		
		9,480	10,413	4,903	6,999		
Treasury and other income							
Finance income		6,405	35,240	3,208	27,695		
Dividend and net gain on treasury investments Other income, net		52,493	(10,933)	26,040	(21,967)		
Other income, net		17,251 <b>76,149</b>	15,059	9,392	7,381		
Total income		181,010	39,366 146,526	38,640 90.621	13,109 77.068		
Total moonlo		101,010	140,320	30,021	77,000		
Operating expenses		59,760	57,649	27,575	30,908		
Finance expense		63,396	66,944	29,733	34,637		
Impairment allowances	15	13,709	1,547	8,508	(2,081)		
Total expenses		136,865	126,140	65,816	63,464		
Profit for the period		44,145	20,386	24,805	13,604		
Attributable to:							
Shareholders of Bank		37,044	15,054	20,922	9,972		
Non-controlling interests		7,101	5,332	3,883	3,632		
		44,145	20,386	24,805	13,604		
Earnings per share							
Basic and diluted earnings per share (US cents)	16	1.21	0.45	0.68	0.30		
					0.00		

The Board of Directors approved the condensed consolidated interim financial information on 12 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Jassim Al Seddiqi Chairman

Hisham Alrayes Chief Executive Officer & Board member

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY

for the six months ended 30 June 2021

			Attribut	table to share	holders of the	e Bank			Non –	Total
									controlling interests	owners' equity
<b>30 June 2021</b> (reviewed)	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Investment fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Share grant reserve	Total		
Balance at 1 January 2021 (as previously reported)  Effect of adoption of FAS 32 (note 3)	975,638	(63,979)	19,548	5,593	(46,947)	22,385 (2,096)	1,093	913,331 (2,096)	272,733	1,186,064 (2,096)
Balance at 1 January 2021 (restated)	975,638	(63,979)	19,548	5,593	(46,947)	20,289	1,093	911,235	272,733	1,183,968
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	37,044	-	37,044	7,101	44,145
Fair value changes during the period	-	-	-	11,200	-	-	-	11,200	(6)	11,194
Transfer to income statement on disposal of sukuk	-	-	-	(12,684)	-	-	-	(12,684)	-	(12,684)
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	(1,484)	-	37,044	-	35,560	7,095	42,655
	05.000					(25.000)				
Bonus Shares issued	25,000	-	-	-	-	(25,000)	-	- (47.000)	-	(47.000)
Dividends declared for 2020	-	-	-	-	-	(17,000)	-	(17,000)	-	(17,000)
Transfer to zakah and charity fund	-	-	-	-	-	(1,572)		(1,572)	(142)	(1,714)
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	4,510	-	-	(4,510)	-	-	-	-
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(26,777)	-	-	-	-	-	(26,777)	-	(26,777)
Sale of treasury shares	-	28,522	-	-	-	921	-	29,443	-	29,443
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(3,311)	-	-	(3,311)	(1,411)	(4,722)
Acquisition of NCI without a change in control	-	-	-	-	-	7,768	-	7,768	(38,253)	(30,485)
Balance at 30 June 2021	1,000,638	(62,234)	24,058	4,109	(50,258)	17,940	1,093	935,346	240,022	1,175,368

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

US\$ 000's

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Total

owners' equity

1,292,871

20,386

(524)

(20,910)

(74,204)

(25,295)

(30,000)

(1,646)

(48,237) 49,257

(25,052)

(23,495)

63,747

4,054

Non -

controlling

interests

288,328

5,332

(267)

5,065

(14,311)

(11,279)

936

(258)

(3,991)

63,747

328,237 1,181,476

Total

1,004,543

15,054

(20,643) (5,589)

(59,893)

(14,016) 3,118

(30,000)

(1,388)

(48,237)

49,257

(25,052) (19,504)

853,239

			Attribu	ıtable to share	holders of the	Bank		
30 June 2020 (reviewed)	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Investment fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Share grant reserve	_
00 00110 2020 (10v10v10d)	oapitai	onaroo	1000170	1000170	1000170	oarriirigo	1000170	-
Balance at 1 January 2020	975,638	(73,419)	125,312	7,737	(29,425)	(2,498)	1,198	_
Profit for the period (page 3)  Fair value changes during the period	-	-	-	- (20,643)	-	15,054	-	
· ·	-	-	-		-	45.054	-	-
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	(20,643)	-	15,054	-	-
Additional capital contribution to subsidiary (note 1)	-	-	-	-	-	(59,893)	-	
Modification loss on financing assets (note 2a, 10)	-	-	-	-	-	(14,016)	-	
Government grant (note 2b)	-	-	-	-	-	3,118	-	
Dividends declared (note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	(30,000)	-	
Transfer to zakah and charity fund (page 8)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,388)	-	
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(48,237)	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of treasury shares	-	69,907	-	-	-	(20,650)	-	
Treasury shares acquired for share incentive scheme	-	(25,052)	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(19,504)	-	-	
NCI arising from acquisition of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Balance at 30 June 2020	975,638	(76,801)	125,312	(12,906)	(48,929)	(110,273)	1,198	

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the six months ended 30 June 2021

US\$ 000's

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	(reviewed)	(reviewed)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	,	,
Profit for the period	44,145	20,386
Adjustments for:	4	4
Income from commercial banking	(33,065)	(16,470)
Income from proprietary investments	(18,931)	(23,409)
Income from dividend and gain / (loss) on treasury investments	(85,628)	(8,623)
Foreign exchange (gain) / loss	(1,105)	(1,174)
Finance expense	80,953	80,408
Impairment allowances	13,709	1,547
Depreciation and amortisation	2,621	1,308
Chammas in	2,699	53,973
Changes in: Placements with financial institutions (maturities of more than 3		
months)	(100,995)	346,762
Financing assets	14,330	(2,845)
Other assets	44,773	31,581
CBB Reserve and restricted bank balance	(10,319)	44,145
Clients' funds	(42,159)	33,526
Placements from financial and non-financial institutions	304,879	(150,461)
Customer current accounts	9,706	(19,793)
Equity of investment account holders	64,561	(119,822)
Payables and accruals	(36,367)	(52,731)
. ayaansa ana assi aass	(55,551)	(==,:=:)
Net cash generated from operating activities	251,108	164,335
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for purchase of equipment	(851)	(233)
Proceeds from sale of proprietary investment securities, net	22,068	1,008
Purchase of treasury portfolio, net	(411,882)	(268,797)
Cash acquired on acquisition of a subsidiary	-	32,856
Proceeds from sale of investment in real estate	1,061	342
Dividends received from proprietary investments and co-investments	7,449	7,128
Advance paid for development of real estate	(5,081)	(12,197)
Net cash used in investing activities	(387,236)	(239,893)
	(001,200)	(200,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Financing liabilities, net	180,341	650,040
Finance expense paid	(72,767)	(82,595)
Dividends paid	(17,299)	(33,397)
Purchase of treasury shares, net	1,746	(24,124)
Net cash generated from financing activities	92,021	509,924
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents during the		
period	(44,107)	434,366
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	655,455	367,533
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	611,348	801,899
Cook and each equivalents comprise:		
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and balances with banks (excluding CBB Reserve balance and		
restricted cash)	538,438	559,020
Placements with financial institutions (less than 3 months)	72,910	242,879
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	311,040	001,000

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS for the six months ended 30 June 2021

<b>30 June 2021</b> (reviewed)	Balanc	lance at 1 January 2021 Mo			ry 2021 Movements during the period					Balance at 30 June 2021		
								Group's				
	No of	Average		Investment/	Revalua-	Gross			Administration		Average	
	units	value per	Total	(withdrawal)	tion	income	paid	agent	expenses	units	value per	Total
Company	(000)	share US\$	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	(000)	share US\$	US\$ 000's
Mena Real Estate Company KSCC	150	0.33	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	0.33	50
Al Basha'er Fund	12	7.91	95	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	12	7.91	93
Safana Investment (RIA 1)	6,254	2.65	16,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,254	2.65	16,573
Shaden Real Estate Investment WLL (RIA 5)	3,434	2.65	9,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,434	2.65	9,100
Locata Corporation Pty Ltd (RIA 6)	2,633	1.00	2,633	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,633	1.00	2,633
			28,451	(2)	-	-	-	_	-			28,449

30 June 2020 (reviewed)
Company
Mena Real Estate Company KSCC
Al Basha'er Fund
Safana Investment (RIA 1) Shaden Real Estate Investment WLL (RIA 5)
Locata Corporation Pty Ltd (RIA 6)

Baland	ce at 1 Janua	ary 2020		Movements during the period						nce at 30 June	2020
No of units (000)	Average value per share US\$	Total US\$ 000's	Investment/ (withdrawal) US\$ 000's		Gross income US\$ 000's	paid	Group's fees as an agent US\$ 000's	Administration expenses US\$ 000's	No of units (000)	Average value per share US\$	Total US\$ 000's
150	0.33	50	-	-	-	1	-	-	150	0.33	50
13	7.91	103	(10)	-	-	-	-	-	12	7.91	95
6,254	2.65	16,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,254	2.65	16,573
3,434	2.65	9,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,434	2.65	9,100
2,633	1.00	2,633	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,633	1.00	2,633
		28,459	(10)	-	-	-	-	-			28,451

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF ZAKAH AND CHARITY FUND for the six months ended 30 June 2021 US\$ 000'

	30 June 2021 (reviewed)	30 June 2020 (reviewed)
Sources of zakah and charity fund		
Contribution by the Group	1,714	1,646
Non-Islamic income	18	103
Total sources	1,732	1,749
Uses of zakah and charity fund		
Contributions to charitable organisations	(1,828)	(185)
Total uses	(1,828)	(185)
Surplus of sources over uses	(96)	1,564
Undistributed zakah and charity fund at beginning of the period	5,346	5,407
	-,-	
Undistributed zakah and charity fund at end of the period	5,250	6,971
Represented by:		
Zakah payable	1,013	1,426
Charity fund	4,237	5,545
	5,250	6,971

US\$ 000's

## 1 Reporting entity

The condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2021 comprise the financial information of GFH Financial Group BSC (GFH or the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group").

The following are the principal subsidiaries consolidated in the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Investee name	Country of incorporation	Effective ownership interests as at 30 June 2021	Activities
GFH Capital Limited	United Arab	100%	Investment
·	Emirates		management
Khaleeji Commercial Bank BSC ('KHCB')		69.01%	Islamic retail
Al Areen Project companies		100%	Real estate development
Falcon Cement Company BSC (c) ('FCC')	Kingdom of	51.72%	Cement manufacturing
GBCORP BSC (c) ('GBCORP')	Bahrain	62.91%	Islamic investment firm
Residential South Real Estate Development Company (RSRED)		100%	Real estate development
Athena Private School for Special Education WLL		100%	Educational institution
Morocco Gateway Investment Company ('MGIC')		90.27%	Real estate development
Tunis Bay Investment Company ('TBIC')	Cayman	82.97%	Real estate development
Energy City Navi Mumbai Investment Company & Mumbai IT & Telecom Technology Investment Company (together "India Projects")	Islands	80.27%	Real estate development
Gulf Holding Company KSCC	State of Kuwait	51.18%	Investment in real estate
Roebuck A M LLP	United Kingdom	60%	Property asset management Company

The Bank has other investment holding companies, SPV's and subsidiaries, which are set up to supplement the activities of the Bank and its principal subsidiaries.

## 2 Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"). These rules and regulations require the adoption of all Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation of Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), except for:

US\$ 000's

#### 2 Basis of preparation (continued)

- i. recognition of modification losses on financial assets arising from payment holidays provided to customers impacted by COVID-19 without charging additional profits, in equity instead of profit or loss as required by FAS. Any other modification gain or loss on financial assets are recognised in accordance with the requirements of applicable FAS.:
- ii. recognition of financial assistance received from the government and/ or regulators as part of its COVID-19 support measures that meets the government grant requirement, in equity, instead of profit or loss as required by the statement on "Accounting implications of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic" issued by AAOIFI to the extent of any modification loss recognised in equity as a result of (a) above. In case this exceeds the modification loss amount, the balance amount is recognized in the profit or loss account. Any other financial assistance is recognised in accordance with the requirements of FAS; and
- iii. recognition of specific impairment allowances and expected credit losses in line with the specific CBB guidelines for application of staging rules issued as part of its COVID-19 response measures.

The above framework for basis of preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information is hereinafter referred to as 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB'. The modification to accounting policies have been applied retrospectively.

#### Modification loss

During the period ended 30 June 2020, based on a regulatory directive issued by the CBB as concessionary measures to mitigate the impact of COVID-19, the one-off modification loss amounting to US\$ 25,295 thousand arising from the six month payment holiday provided to financing customers without charging additional profits was recognised directly in equity.

In line with the requirements of AAOIFI and the CBB rule book, for matters not covered by AAOIFI standards, the group takes guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group has been presented in condensed form in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting', using 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB'.

These condensed consolidated interim financial information are reviewed and not audited. The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Due to the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) in early 2020, the Central Bank of Bahrain had exempted all public shareholding companies and locally incorporated banks from preparation and publication of their condensed consolidated interim financial information for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020. Accordingly, the comparatives for the condensed consolidated statement of financial position have been extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 and comparatives for the condensed consolidated income statement, cash flows, changes in equity, changes in restricted investment accounts and sources and uses of zakah and charity fund have been extracted from the management accounts of the Group for the three month period ended 30 June 2020 and adjusted for accounting policy changes, if any, applied in preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020. Hence, the comparative information included in the current period financial position, income statement, cash flows, changes in equity, changes in restricted investment accounts and sources and uses of zakah and charity fund were not reviewed.

US\$ 000's

### 3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Group in the preparation of the condensed cfaonsolidated interim financial information are the same as those used in the preparation of the Group's last audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020, except those arising from adoption of the following standards and amendments to standards effective from 1 January 2021. The impact of adoption of these standards and amendments is set out below.

#### a. Adoption of new standards during the period

#### i. FAS 32 - Ijarah

AAOIFI issued FAS 32 "Ijarah" in 2020, this standard is effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The standard supersedes the existing FAS 8 "Ijarah and Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek"

FAS 32 sets out principles for the classification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of Ijarah (Ijarah asset, including different forms of Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek) transactions entered into by the Islamic financial institutions as a lessor and lessee.

The Group has applied FAS 32 "Ijarah" from 1 January 2021. The impact of adoption of this standard is disclosed in (b) below.

#### (a) Change in accounting policy

#### Identifying an Ijarah

At inception of a contract, the Bank assesses whether the contract is Ijarah, or contains an Ijarah. A contract is Ijarah, or contains an Ijarah if the contract transfers the usufruct (but not control) of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for an agreed consideration.

#### Measurement

For a contract that contains an Ijarah component and one or more additional Ijarah or non-Ijarah components, the Bank allocates the consideration in the contract to each Ijarah component on the basis of relative stand-alone price of the Ijarah component and the aggregate estimated stand-alone price of the non-Ijarah components, that may be charged by the lessor, or a similar supplier, to the lessee.

At the commencement date, a lessee shall recognise a right-of-use (usufruct) asset and a net ijarah liability.

#### Right-of-use (usufruct) asset

On initial recognition, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises of:

- · The prime cost of the right-of-use asset;
- · Initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- · Dismantling or decommissioning costs.

The prime cost is reduced by the expected terminal value of the underlying asset. If the prime cost of the right-of-use asset is not determinable based on the underlying cost method (particularly in the case of an operating ljarah), the prime cost at commencement date may be estimated based on the fair value of the total consideration paid/ payable (i.e. total ljarah rentals) against the right-of-use assets, under a similar transaction.

After the commencement date, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, adjusted for the effect of any Ijarah modification or reassessment.

US\$ 000's

### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Bank amortises the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful economic life of the right-of-use asset, according to a systematic basis that is reflective of the pattern of utilization of benefits from the right-of-use asset. The amortizable amount comprises of the right-of-use asset less residual value, if any.

The Bank determines the ljarah term, including the contractually binding period, as well as reasonably certain optional periods, including:

- · Extension periods if it is reasonably certain that the Bank will exercise that option; and/ or
- Termination options if it is reasonably certain that the Bank will not exercise that option.

The Bank carries out impairment assessment in line with the requirements of FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments" to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment losses. The impairment assessment takes into consideration the salvage value, if any. Any related commitments, including promises to purchase the underlying asset, are also considered in line with FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments".

### ii) Net ijarah liability

The net ijarah liability comprises of the gross Ijarah liability, plus deferred Ijarah cost (shown as a contra-liability).

The gross Ijarah liability shall be initially recognised as the gross amount of total Ijarah rental payables for the Ijarah term. The rentals payable comprise of the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the Ijarah term:

- · Fixed Ijarah rentals less any incentives receivable;
- · Variable Ijarah rentals including supplementary rentals; and
- Payment of additional rentals, if any, for terminating the Ijarah (if the Ijarah term reflects the lessee exercising the termination option).

Advance rentals paid are netted-off with the gross Ijarah liability.

Variable Ijarah rentals are Ijarah rentals that depend on an index or rate, such as payments linked to a consumer price index, financial markets, regulatory benchmark rates, or changes in market rental rates. Supplementary rentals are rentals contingent on certain items, such as additional rental charge after provision of additional services or incurring major repair or maintanence. As of 30 June 2021, the Bank did not have any contracts with variable or supplementary rentals.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the net liarah liability by:

- Increasing the net carrying amount to reflect return on the ljarah liability (amortisation of deferred ljarah cost);
- · Reducing the carrying amount of the gross ljarah liability to reflect the ljarah rentals paid; and
- Re-measuring the carrying amount in the event of reassessment or modifications to ljarah contract, or to reflect revised ljarah rentals.
- The deferred Ijarah cost is amortised to income over the Ijarah terms on a time proportionate basis, using the effective rate of return method. After the commencement date, the Bank recognises the following in the income statement:
- · Amortisation of deferred Ijarah cost; and
- Variable Ijarah rentals (not already included in the measurement of Ijarah liability) as and when the triggering events/ conditions occur

#### Ijarah contract modifications

After the commencement date, the Bank accounts for Ijarah contract modifications as follows:

- Change in the Ijarah term: re-calculation and adjustment of the right-of-use asset, the Ijarah liability, and the deferred Ijarah cost; or
- Change in future ljarah rentals only: re-calculation of the ljarah liability and the deferred ljarah cost only, without impacting the right-of- use asset.

### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

An Ijarah modification is considered as a new Ijarah component to be accounted for as a separate Ijarah for the lessee, if the modification both additionally transfers the right to use of an identifiable underlying asset and the Ijarah rentals are increased corresponding to the additional right-of-use asset. For modifications not meeting any of the conditions stated above, the Bank considers the Ijarah as a modified Ijarah as of the effective date and recognises a new Ijarah transaction. The Bank recalculates the Ijarah liability, deferred Ijarah cost, and right-of-use asset, and de-recognise the existing Ijarah transaction and balances.

## Expenses relating to underlying asset

Operational expenses relating to the underlying asset, including any expenses contractually agreed to be borne by the Bank, are recognised by the Bank in income statement in the period incurred. Major repair and maintenance, takaful, and other expenses incidental to ownership of underlying assets (if incurred by lessee as agent) are recorded as receivable from lessor.

## Recognition exemptions and simplified accounting for the lessee

A lessee may elect not to apply the requirements of Ijarah recognition and measurement of recognizing right-of-use asset and lease liability for the following:

- · Short-term Ijarah; and
- · Ijarah for which the underlying asset is of low value.

Short-term Ijarah exemption can be applied on a whole class of underlying assets if they have similar characteristics and operational utility. However, low-value Ijarah exemption can only be applied on an individual asset/ Ijarah transaction, and not on group/ combination basis.

Impact as lessor on accounting for Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek contracts

There was no change in the accounting policies for Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek portfolio upon adoption of this standard.

#### (b) Impact on adoption of FAS 32

The impact of adoption of FAS 32 as at 1 January 2021 has resulted in an increase in right-of-use asset and an increase in lease liability as stated below. The lease contracts comprise office premises, school premises, leasehold lands, ATM sites, branches etc.

Closing balance (31 December 2020)
Impact on adoption:
Right-of-use asset
Lease liability
Opening impact of FAS 32
Balance on date of initial
application of 1 January 2021

Total Assets
6,586,863
58,949
-
6,645,812

Total Liabilities and EIAH
5,400,799
- 61,045 -
5,461,844

	Total Equity
	1,186,064
	-
	-
	(2,096)
Ī	
	1,183,968

## b. New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

## (i) FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut

AAOIFI has issued FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut in 2020. The objective of this standard is to prescribe the accounting and reporting principles for recognition, measurement and disclosures in relation to shariah compliant Wa'ad (promise), Khiyar (option) and Tahawwut (hedging) arrangements for Islamic financial institutions. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

US\$ 000's

## 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

This standard classifies Wa'ad and Khiyar arrangements into two categories as follows:

- a) "ancillary Wa'ad or Khiyar" which is related to a structure of transaction carried out using other products i.e. Murabaha, Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek, etc.; and
- b) "product Wa'ad and Khiyar" which is used as a stand-alone Shariah compliant arrangement.

Further, the standard prescribes accounting for constructive obligations and constructive rights arising from the stand-alone Wa'ad and Khiyar products.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard.

## 4 Estimates and judgements

Preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas of significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were similar to those applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020. However, the process of making the required estimates and assumptions involved further challenges due to the prevailing uncertainties arising from COVID-19 and required use of management judgements.

## 5 Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Regulatory ratios

a. Net stable funding Ratio (NSFR)

The objective of the NSFR is to promote the resilience of banks' liquidity risk profiles and to incentivise a more resilient banking sector over a longer time horizon. The NSFR limits overreliance on short-term wholesale funding, encourages better assessment of funding risk across all on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet items, and promotes funding stability.

NSFR as a percentage is calculated as "Available stable funding" divided by "Required stable funding".

## 5 Financial risk management (continued)

The Consolidated NSFR calculated as per the requirements of the CBB rulebook, is as follows:

## As at 30 June 2021

		No Specified	Less than	More than 6	Over one	Total weighted
No.	Item	Maturity	6 months	than one year	year	value
	lable Stable Funding (ASF):			,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
1	Capital:					
2	Regulatory Capital	1,098,373	_	-	78,499	1,176,872
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits f	ı rom small busine	ess customers:			
5	Stable deposits		168,788	34,091	6,630	199,365
6	Less stable deposits	-	701,110	400,593	84,451	1,075,984
7	Wholesale funding:					
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other Wholesale funding	-	2,199,754	1,080,997	742,800	1,698,305
10	Other liabilities:					
11	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	132,517	229	103,339	103,339
13	Total ASF					4,253,864
Requ	ired Stable Funding (RSF):					1,200,00
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	-	-	-	-	69,878
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-
16	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:	_	630,954	-	894,189	854,704
17	Performing financial to financial institutions by level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
18	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing financing to financial					
	institutions	-	37,963	-	130,982	130,316
19	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business customers, and financing to					
	sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	199,793	110,278	34,882	177,709

US\$ 000's

## 5 Financial risk management (continued)

No.	Item	No Specified Maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	_	-	-	-
23	Securities/sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded					
	equities	-	451,905	208,472	220,903	551,091
24	Other assets:	-	-	-	-	-
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	-
26	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs	-	_	_	-	_
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets	-	_	-	_	_
28	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-	-	-	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	2,554,646	-	-	-	2,554,646
30	OBS items		_	-	-	20,253
31	Total RSF		1,320,615	318,750	1,280,956	4,358,598
32	NSFR (%)					98%

## As at 31 December 2020

				More than 6 months and		Total
No.	Item	No Specified Maturity	Less than 6 months	less than one	Over one	weighted value
	able Stable Funding (ASF):	Maturity	months	year	year	value
1	Capital:		l			
2	Regulatory Capital	1,009,571	-	-	85,635	1,095,206
3	Other Capital Instruments	1	-	-	ı	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small I	ousiness custom	ers:			
5	Stable deposits	=	-	-	-	-
6	Less stable deposits	-	793,480	306,688	231,458	1,221,609
7	Wholesale funding:					
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	1	-
9	Other Wholesale funding	-	2,042,390	485,665	1,016,610	1,845,431
10	Other liabilities:					
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging					
11	contract liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	All other liabilities not included in					
12	the above categories	-	81,718	29,287	182,725	182,725
13	Total ASF	-	-	-	1	4,344,971
Requ	ired Stable Funding (RSF):					
	Total NSFR high-quality liquid					
14	assets (HQLA)	-	-	-	1	50,531
	Deposits held at other financial					
	institutions for operational					
15	purposes	i i	-	-	•	=
	Performing financing and sukuk/					
16	securities:	•	453,447	20,628	906,357	838,420

US\$ 000's

## 5 Financial risk management (continued)

No.	ltem	No Specified	Less than	More than 6 months and less	Over one	Total weighted
INO.		Maturity	6 months	than one year	year	value
17	Performing financial to financial institutions by level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
18	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing financing to financial					
19	institutions  Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	127,045	404.070	214,171	245,568
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines	_	147,516	101,279	22,064	124,398
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	_	_	_	22,004	14,542
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio					
23	Guidelines Securities/sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-	-	-	-	-	-
	traded equities	-	260,664	19,500	395,881	535,963
24 25	Other assets:  Physical traded commodities,	-	-	-	-	-
26	including gold  Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs	_	_	_	_	-
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets	-	-	-	-	_
28	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-	-	-	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	2,652,216	-	-	-	2,652,216
30	OBS items	-	-	-	-	13,743
31	Total RSF	-	988,673	141,407	1,538,473	4,475,181
32	NSFR (%)	-	-	-	-	97%

## 5 Financial risk management (continued)

## b. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

LCR has been developed to promote short-term resilience of a bank's liquidity risk profile. The LCR requirements aim to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered high-quality liquidity assets (HQLA) that consists of assets that can be converted into cash immediately to meet its liquidity needs for a 30-calendar day stressed liquidity period. The stock of unencumbered HQLA should enable the Bank to survive until day 30 of the stress scenario, by which time appropriate corrective actions would have been taken by management to find the necessary solutions to the liquidity crisis.

LCR is computed as a ratio of Stock of HQLA over the Net cash outflows over the next 30 calendar days.

	Average balance		
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	
Stock of HQLA	269,144	244,049	
Net cashflows	128,580	103,188	
LCR %	215%	240%	
Minimum required by CBB	80%	80%	

## c. Capital Adequacy Ratio

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
CET 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments Less: regulatory adjustments CET 1 Capital after regulatory adjustments T 2 Capital adjustments Regulatory Capital	1,052,184 - 1,052,184 65,758 1,117,942	1,025,835 - 1,025,835 76,062 1,101,897
Risk weighted exposure: Credit Risk Weighted Assets Market Risk Weighted Assets Operational Risk Weighted Assets Total Regulatory Risk Weighted Assets	7,715,258 56,600 552,821 8,324,679	7,647,064 72,038 552,821 8,271,923
Investment risk reserve (30% only) Profit equalization reserve (30% only) Total Adjusted Risk Weighted Exposures	2 3 8,324,674	2 3 8,271,918
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	13.43% 12.64%	13.49% 12.57%
Minimum CAR required by CBB	12.50%	12.50%

US\$ 000's

## 6 Seasonality

Due to the inherent nature of the Group's business (investment banking, commercial banking and leisure and hospitality management business), the six-month results reported in this condensed consolidated interim financial information may not represent a proportionate share of the overall annual results.

## 7 Comparatives

The comparative figures have been regrouped in order to conform with the presentation for current year. Such regrouping did not affect previously reported profit for the period or total equity. FAS 32 was adopted prospectively effective 1 January 2021 and comparative figures have not been restated.

## 8 Appropriations

In the shareholders meeting held on 6 April 2021, the following were approved:

- a) Cash dividend of 1.86% of the paid-up share capital amounting to US\$ 17 million;
- b) Stock dividend of 2.56% of the paid-up share capital amounting to US\$ 25 million;
- c) Appropriation of US\$ 1,104,000 towards charity, civil society institutions and Zakat for the year 2020; and
- d) Transfer of US\$ 4,509,500 to statutory reserve.

#### Treasury shares

As at 30 June 2021, the Bank holds 81,592,696 shares as part of its treasury shares which were previously held under a market making arrangement with an approved securities broker. During the shareholders meeting held on 6th April 2021 the shareholders have approved the cancellation of up to a maximum of 141,335,000 numbers of treasury shares as a result of cancellation of the market making agreement which were subject to the approval of the Central Bank of Bahrain. However, the Central Bank of Bahrain did not accede to the share cancellation and instead has instructed the Market Maker to liquidate the shares, as a result of cancellation of the market making agreement, without hampering the normal market operations nor misleading other market participants. The Market Maker is currently in the process of liquidating the treasury share portfolio in a phased manner.

US\$ 000's

## 9 Treasury portfolio

	30 June 2021 (reviewed)	31 December 2020 (audited)	30 June 2020 (reviewed)
Placements with financial institutions	180,736	169,998	353,409
Equity type investments At fair value through income statement - Structured notes	452,040	368,431	297,950
Debt type investments At fair value through equity - Quoted sukuk	981,894	648,991	345,610
At amortised cost - Quoted sukuk * - Unquoted sukuk	770,936 3,494	693,737 3,493	597,493 -
Less: Impairment allowances	(9,342)	(6,104)	-
	2,379,758	1,878,546	1,594,462

<sup>\*</sup> Includes quoted sukuk of US\$ 307,316 thousand (31 December 2020: US\$ 302,260 thousand) pledged against term-financing of US\$ 204,191 thousand (31 December 2020: US\$ 200,204 thousand).

## 10 Financing assets

	30 June 2021 (reviewed)	31 December 2020 (audited)	30 June 2020 (reviewed)
Murabaha	949,930	971,164	919,739
Musharaka	277	276	276
Wakala	239	239	13,280
Mudharaba	2,624	2,690	2,776
Istisnaa	37	3,565	6,533
Assets held-for-leasing	366,886	345,342	386,609
	1,319,993	1,323,276	1,329,213
Less: Impairment allowances	(67,057)	(56,010)	(53,591)
	1,252,936	1,267,266	1,275,622

Murabaha financing receivables are net of deferred profits of US\$ 42,180 thousand (31 December 2020: US\$ 50,032 thousand).

67,057

## 10 Financing assets (continued)

The movement on financing assets and impairment allowances is as follows:

The movement on maneing assets	and impairment a			
Financing assets	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Financing assets (gross)	1,010,225	180,066	129,703	1,319,994
Expected credit loss	22,066	4,732	40,260	67,058
Financing assets (net)	988,159	175,334	89,443	1,252,936
Impairment allowances	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Impairment allowances  At 1 January 2021	<b>Stage 1</b> 20,841	<b>Stage 2</b> 6,255	<b>Stage 3</b> 28,914	<b>Total</b> 56,010
·				

22,065

At 30 June 2021	
Financing assets	

31 December 2020 (audited)

Financing assets (gross)
Expected credit loss

Financing assets (net)

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Glago .	o tago _	G.a.go o	. • • • •
1,025,534	149,350	146,380	1,321,264
		,	
21,389	5,130	27,479	53,998
1,004,145	144,220	118,901	1,267,266

40,260

4,732

## Impairment allowances

At 1 January 2020 Net movement between stages Net charge for the year Write-offs Disposal

At 31 December 2020

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
_	_	_	
11,601	8,366	89,754	109,721
228	(4,512)	4,285	1
9,298	2,401	(2,542)	9,157
-	-	(29,204)	(29,204)
(286)	-	(33,379)	(33,665)
20,841	6,255	28,914	56,010

## 11 Investment in real estate

**Investment Property** 

- Land
- Building

**Development Property** 

- Land
- Building

30 June	31 December	30 June	
2021	2020	2020	
(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)	
481,370	481,315	470,285	
63,854	63,757	63,597	
545,224	545,072	533,882	
761,206	761,032	782,056	
511,069	506,211	492,596	
1,272,275	1,267,243	1,274,652	
1,817,499	1,812,315	1,808,534	

US\$ 000's

12 Proprietary investment
---------------------------

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2021	2020	2020
	(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)
Equity type investments			
At fair value through income statement			
- Unlisted fund	10,000	10,000	21,764
	10,000	10,000	21,764
At fair value through equity			
- Listed securities	13	19,060	17,492
<ul> <li>Unquoted securities</li> </ul>	84,902	108,998	136,445
	84,915	128,058	153,937
Equity-accounted investees	76,442	78,050	75,627
	171,357	216,108	251,328

## 13 Co-investments

At fair value through equity
- Unquoted securities

At fair value through income statement

- Unquoted securities

30 June	31 December	30 June
2021	2020	2020
(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)
120,689	126,319	98,558
7,583	_	-
128,272	126,319	98,558

## 14 Term financing

Murabaha financing Sukuk Ijarah financing Other borrowings

30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2020
(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)
885,289	748,265	463,628
308,995	289,818	285,484
45,914	22,303	23,421
29,221	28,691	156,999
1,269,419	1,089,077	929,532

US\$ 000's

## 15 Impairment allowances

Expected credit loss on:

Bank balances

Treasury portfolio

Financing assets, net (note 10)

Other receivables

Commitments and financial guarantees

Impairment on investment in equity securities

Six month	Six months ended				
30 June	30 June				
2021	2020				
(reviewed)	(reviewed)				
13	67				
3,238	545				
11,047	165				
(1,394)	770				
335	-				
13,239	1,547				
470	-				
13,709	1,547				

## 16 EARNING PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earning per share has been based on the following profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The Group does not have any diluted potentialy ordinary shares as of the reporting dates. Hence, the basic and diluted earning per share is similar.

Profit for the period attributable to shareholders of the Bank Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period (in thousands) Basic and diluted earning per share (US Cents)

Six mont	hs ended		
30 June 2021	30 June 2020		
(reviewed)	(reviewed)		
,	,		
37,044	15,054		
3,056,479	3,321,367		
1.21	0.45		
	1		

Three mo	nths ended
30 June 2021	30 June 2020
(reviewed)	(reviewed)
20,922	9,972
3,056,605	3,285,565
2,000,000	3,200,000
0.60	0.20
0.68	0.30

## 17 Related party transactions

The significant related party balances and transactions as at 30 June 2021 are given below:

	Related parties as per FAS 1 Assets under				
<b>30 June 2021</b> (reviewed)	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel	Significant shareholders / entities in which directors are interested	management (including special purpose and other entities)	Total
Assets					
Treasury portfolio	-	-	37,148	-	37,148
Financing assets	-	7,751	32,778	21,165	61,694
Proprietary investments	112,434	-	23,105	186,231	321,770
Co-investments Receivables and	6,816	623	4,000	67,238 134,143	67,238 145,582
prepayments	0,010	023	4,000	134,143	143,302
Liabilities Placements from financial, non-financial institutions and individuals Customer accounts	- 321 -	6,377 1,544 554	29 6,962 1,204	- 4,528 62,966	6,406 13,355 64,724
Payables and accruals	_	554	1,204	02,900	04,724
Equity of investment account holders	1,077	260	53,441	772	55,550
Income Income from Investment banking Income from commercial banking	-	-	-	29,637	29,637
- Income from financing	-	109	1,575	56	1,740
- Fee and other income - Less: Return to investment account	(1,833)	-	-	698	(1,135)
holders	16	3	1,925	11	1,955
- Less: Finance expense Income from proprietary	- (45)	48	1,403	- 40.457	1,451
and co-investments	(45)	-	8,017	10,457	18,429
Income from real estate Treasury and other income	-	120	(698)	635	120 (63)
Expenses					
Operating expenses	-	4,509	-	85	4,594

US\$ 000's

## 17 Related party transactions (continued)

	Relat	Related parties as per FAS 1			
			Significant shareholders / entities in	Assets under management (including	
31 December 2020 (audited)	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel	which directors are interested	special purpose and other entities)	Total
,	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Assets					
Treasury portfolio	-	-	35,000	-	35,000
Financing assets	-	9,485	17,695	29,848	57,028
Proprietary investments	114,250	-	16,058	49,170	179,478
Co-investments Receivables and	-	-	-	70,715	70,715
prepayments	4,622	-	-	132,616	137,238
Liabilities					
Customer accounts Placements from financial.	358	225	17,995	3,212	21,790
non-financial institutions and individuals	-	5,584	112,568	-	118,152
Payables and accruals	-	500	2,732	74,242	77,474
Equity of investment account holders	1,095	639	99,579	865	102,178
30 June 2020 (reviewed)					
Income Income from Investment banking	-	-	-	40,963	40,963
Income from commercial banking	(32)	212	1,111	-	1,291
Income from proprietary and co-investments	(950)	-	-	4,109	3,159
Real estate income	-	56	-	-	56
Treasury and other income	-	-	-	4,000	4,000
Expenses					
Operating expenses	-	5,252	-	-	5,252
Finance expense	19	122	3,332	66	3,539

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 US\$ 000's

## 18 Segment reporting

The Group is organised into business units based on their nature of operations and independent reporting entities and has four reportable operating segments namely real estate development, investment banking, commercial banking and corporate and treasury.

	Real estate development	Investment banking	Commercial banking	Corporate and treasury	Total
30 June 2021 (reviewed)					
Segment assets	1,755,380	1,043,102	2,761,279	1,497,367	7,057,128
Segment liabilities	184,536	679,654	1,162,469	2,633,547	4,660,206
Other segment information					
Proprietary investments (Equity-accounted investees)	5,764	18,290	52,388	-	76,442
Equity of investment account holders	-	-	1,062,868	158,686	1,221,554
Commitments	27,038	-	126,180	-	153,218
Segment revenue	9,480	34,737	41,713	95,080	181,010
Segment expenses	(11,040)	(36,437)	(25,731)	(63,657)	(136,865)
Segment result	(1,560)	(1,700)	15,982	31,423	44,145

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 US\$ 000's

## 18 Segment reporting (continued)

31 December 2020 (audited)
Segment assets
Segment liabilities
Other segment information
Proprietary investments (Equity-accounted investees)
Equity of investment account holders
Commitments
30 June 2020 (reviewed)
Segment revenue
Segment expenses
Segment result

Real estate development US\$ '000s	Investment banking US\$ '000s	Commercial banking US\$ '000s	Corporate and treasury US\$ '000s	Total US\$ '000s
1,746,751 256,879	929,392 615,022	2,693,884 1,159,795	1,216,836 2,212,110	6,586,863 4,243,806
5,702	18,335	54,013 858,057	- 298,936	78,050 1,156,993
35,449	-	110,263	-	145,712
13,630	66,429	30,156	36,311	146,526
(14,872) (1,242)	(49,305) 17,124	(15,076) 15,080	(46,887) (10,576)	(126,140) 20,386

US\$ 000's

#### 19 Commitments and contingencies

The commitments contracted in the normal course of business of the Group:

Undrawn commitments to extend finance Financial guarantees
Capital commitment for infrastructure Development projects
Commitment to lend

30 June	31 December	30 June
2021	2020	2020
US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
(reviewed)	(audited)	(reviewed)
86,412	83,260	120,793
41,788	27,003	27,374
20,104	22,449	14,064
4,914	13,000	14,500
<b>153,218</b>	145,712	176,731

#### Performance obligations

During the ordinary course of business, the Group may enter performance obligations in respect of its infrastructure development projects. It is the usual practice of the Group to pass these performance obligations, wherever possible, on to the companies that own the projects. In the opinion of the management, no liabilities are expected to materialise on the Group at 30 June 2021 due to the performance of any of its projects.

### Litigations, claims and contingencies

The Group has several claims and litigations filed against it in connection with projects promoted by the Bank in the past and with certain transactions. Further, claims against the Group entities also have been filed by former employees and customers. Based on the advice of the Bank's external legal counsel, the management is of the opinion that the Bank has strong grounds to successfully defend itself against these claims. Where applicable, appropriate provision has been made in the books of accounts. No further disclosures regarding contingent liabilities arising from any such claims are being made by the Bank as the directors of the Bank believe that such disclosures may be prejudicial to the Bank's legal position.

## 20 ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the period, the Group acquired additional stake in the following key subsidiaries:

The Group's existing stake and additional stake acquired are given below.

Khaleeji Commercial Bank BSC ('KHCB') GBCORP BSC (c) ('GBCORP')

Current Stake	Additional stake acquired	Total stake
55.41%	13.6%	69.01%
50.41%	12.5%	62.91%

The consideration transferred for the acquisition was in the form of cash and non-cash assets held. The change in net assets arising out of the acquisition of additional interests has the following effect on the consolidated financial statements:

Carrying amount of NCI acquired (based on historical cost) Consideration to NCI (based on transaction price)

Increase in equity attributable to shareholders of the Bank

US\$ (	000's
	34,846 27,063
	7,783

#### 21 Financial instruments

#### Fair values

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. This represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is a presumption that an enterprise is a going concern without any intention or need to liquidate, curtail materially the scale of its operations or undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a global economic slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. The global capital and commodity markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant drop in prices. The Group's fair valuation exercise primarily relies on quoted prices from active markets for each financial instrument (i.e. Level 1 input) or using observable or derived prices for similar instruments from active markets (i.e. Level 2 input) and has reflected the volatility evidenced during the period and as at the end of the reporting date in its measurement of its financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value. Where fair value measurements was based in full or in part on unobservable inputs (i.e. Level 3), management has used its knowledge of the specific asset/ investee, its ability to respond to or recover from the crisis, its industry and country of operations to determine the necessary adjustments to its fair value determination process.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses the financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## **30 June 2021** (reviewed)

i) Proprietary investments

Investment securities carried at fair value through:

- income statement
- equity
- ii) Treasury portfolio

Investment securities carried at fair value through:

- income statement
- equity
- iii) Co-investments

Investment securities carried at fair value through

- equity
- income statement

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
-	10,000	-	10,000
13	-	84,902	84,915
13	10,000	84,902	94,915
-	297,714	154,326	452,040
981,894	•	ı	981,894
981,894	297,714	154,326	1,433,934
-	-	120,689	120,689
-	-	7,583	7,583
-	_	128,272	128,272
981,907	307,714	367,500	1,657,121

US\$ 000's

#### 21 Financial instruments (continued)

30 June 2020 (reviewed)

- i) Proprietary investments
   Investment securities carried at fair value through:
- income statement
- equity
- ii) Treasury portfolio

Investment securities carried at fair value through:

- income statement
- equity

iii) Co-investments Investment securities carried at fair value through equity

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
-	-	21,764	21,764
17,792	-	136,145	153,937
17,792	-	157,909	175,701
-	145,200	152,750	297,950
-	233,814	111,796	345,610
-	379,014	264,546	643,560
-	-	98,558	98,558
17,792	379,014	521,013	917,819

The following table analyses the movement in Level 3 financial assets during the period:

At beginning of the period
Gains (losses) in income statement
Transfer (to) / from Level 2
Disposals at carrying value
Purchases
Fair value changes during the period

At end of the period

30 June 2021	31 December 2020
(reviewed)	(audited)
390,567	221,741
154	(1,326)
(924)	155,250
(35,380)	(41,685)
9,472	63,623
3,611	(7,036)
367,500	390,567

## 22 ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT AND CUSTODIAL ASSETS

- 1. The Group provides corporate administration, investment management and advisory services to its project companies, which involve the Group making decisions on behalf of such entities. Assets that are held in such capacity are not included in these consolidated financial statements. At the reporting date, the Group had assets under management of US\$ 4,415 million (31 December 2020: US\$ 4,360 million). During the period, the Group had charged management fees amounting to US\$ 1,599 thousand (30 June 2020: US\$ 2,727 thousand) to its assets under management.
- Custodial assets comprise of discretionary portfolio management ('DPM') accepted from investors amounting to US\$ 442,828 thousand out of which US\$ 253,162 thousand has been invested in the Bank's own investment products. Further, the Bank is also holding Sukuk of US\$ 18,200 thousand on behalf of the investors.

UNREVIEWED SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOURE TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT for the six months ended 30 June 2021

(The attached information do not form part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information)

## UNREVIEWED SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOURE TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT for the six months ended 30 June 2021

On 11 March 2020, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak was declared, a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) and has rapidly evolved globally. This has resulted in a global slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. This included disruption to capital markets, deteriorating credit markets and liquidity concerns. Authorities have taken various measures to contain the spread including implementation of travel restrictions and quarantine measures.

The pandemic as well as the resulting measures have had a significant knock-on impact on the Bank and its principal subsidiaries and its associates (collectively the "Group"). The Group is actively monitoring the COVID-19 situation, and in response to this outbreak, has activated its business continuity plan and various other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption on its operations and financial performance.

The Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) announced various measures to combat the effect of COVID- 19 to ease liquidity conditions in the economy as well as to assist banks in complying with regulatory requirements. Theses measure include the following:

- Payment holiday for 6 months to eligible customers without any additional profits;
- Concessionary repo to eligible retail banks at zero Percent;
- Reduction of cash reserve ratio from 5% to 3%;
- Reductions of liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) and net stable funding ratio (NSFR) from 100% to 80%;
- Aggregate of modification loss and incremental expected credit losses (ECL) provisions for stage 1 and stage 2 from March to December 2020 to be added to Tier 1 capital for two years ending 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021. And to deduct this amount proportionality from Tier 1 capital on an annual basis for three years ending December 2022, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

The onset of COVID-19 and the aforementioned measures resulted in the following significant effects to the financial position and operations of the Group:

- The CBB mandated 6-month payment holiday required the retail banking subsidiary of the Group
  to recognize a one-off modification loss directly in equity. The modification loss has been calculated
  as the difference between the net present value of the modified cash flows calculated using the
  original effective profit rate and the carrying value of the financial assets on the date of modification.
- The Government of Kingdom of Bahrain has announced various economic stimulus programmes ("Packages") to support businesses in these challenging times. The Group received various forms of financial assistance representing specified reimbursement of a portion of staff costs, waives of fees, levies and utility charges and zero cost funding received from the government and/or regulators, in response to its COVID-19 support measures. This has been recognized directly in the Group's equity.
- The mandated 6 months payments holiday also included the requirement to suspend minimum
  payments and service fees on credit card balances and reduction in transaction related charges,
  this resulted in a significant decline in the Group's fees income from its retail banking operations.
- The strain caused by COVID-19 on the local economy resulted in a slow-down in the sale of new
  asset management products and booking of new corporate financing assets by the Group. During
  the six months ended 30 June 2021, financing assets bookings were lower by 49.31% than the
  same period of the previous year.

## UNREVIEWED SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOURE TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT for the six months ended 30 June 2021

- Decreased consumer spending caused by the economic slow-down in the booking of new consumer financing assets by the Bank, whereas, deposit balances decreased compared to the same period of the previous year. These effects partly alleviated the liquidity stress faced by the Group due to the mandated 6 months payments holiday. The Group's liquidity ratios and regulatory CAR were impacted but it continues to meet the revised regulatory requirement. The consolidated CAR, LCR and NSFR as of 30 June 2021 was 13.43%, 215% and 98% respectively.
- The stressed economic situation resulted in the Bank recognizing incremental ECL on its financing exposures.

In addition to the above areas of impact, due to the overall economic situation certain strategic business and investment initiatives have been postponed until there is further clarity on the recovery indicators and its impact on the business environment. Overall, for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021, the Bank achieved a net profit of USD 37.0 million, which is higher than USD 15.1 million in the same period of the previous year, registering a increase of 146.1%.

A summary of the significant areas of cumulative financial impact on the Bahrain banking operations described above since March 2020 is as follows:

Average reduction of cash reserve Concessionary repo at 0% # Modification loss Modification loss amortization ECL attributable to COVID-19 Government grants Lower fee income (retail banking)

Net Impact recognized in the Group's consolidated income statement USD' 000	Net Impact on the Group's consolidate d financial position USD' 000	Net Impact recognized in the Group's consolidated owners' equity USD' 000
-	26,188	-
(737)	129,676	(737)
-	(25,072)	(25,072)
25,072	25,072	-
(5,835)	(5,835)	-
-	-	4,953
(830)	-	-

# Concessionary repo was only provided in the prior year and no such facilities continue in the current period.

Information reported in the table above only include components or line items in the financial statements where impact was quantifiable and material. Some of the amounts reported above include notional loss of income or incremental costs and hence may not necessarily reconcile with amounts reported in the interim financial information for 30 June 2021.

The above supplementary information is provided to comply with CBB circular number OG/259/2020 (reporting of Financial Impact of COVID-19), dated 14 July 2020 and only covers impact on Bahrain banking operations of the Group. This information should not be considered as indication of the results if the entire year or relied upon for any other purposes. Since the situation of COVID-19 is uncertain and is still evolving, the above impact is as of date of preparation of this information. Circumstances may change which may result in this information to be out-of-date. In addition, this information does not represent a full comprehensive assessment of COVID-19 impact on the Group. This information has not been subject to a formal review by external auditors.