

BASEL 3 Regulatory Liquidity Disclosures

For the twelve months ended 31st December 2024

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) for the quarter ended 31st December 2024

Introduction

In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management (LM). The regulations require Bahraini bank licensees to meet a minimum Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) of 100% on a daily basis. The objective of the LCR is to improve resilience of banks' short-term liquidity risk profile by ensuring that they have sufficient level of high-quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to honor net cash outflows and survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of up to 30 days.

GFH Financial Group Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The group has reported an average LCR for the period of 194% for Q4 2024.

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) Portfolio

Assets qualify as HQLA if they can be easily and immediately converted into cash at little or no loss of value under stress circumstances. HQLA comprises of Level 1, Level 2A, and Level 2B liquid assets. Level 1 assets comprise of an unlimited share of the total pool and are not subject to haircuts. A 15 % haircut is applied to the current market value of each level 2A asset held in the stock of HQLA. Level 2B liquid assets, are considered less liquid and more volatile than Level 2A liquid assets.

GFH has constantly maintained a robust portfolio of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to support its liquidity position. The Group's total adjusted weighted HQLA for the reporting period has increased by 10% for Q4 2024 compared to Q3 2024.

Net Cash out Flow

The term total net cash outflows is defined as the total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows in the specified stress scenario for the subsequent 30 calendar days. GFH calculates its outflows on the basis of total expected cash outflows of various categories or types of liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments such as Deposits repayments and Term debts by the rates at which they are expected to run off or be drawn down.

Total expected cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables such as money market placements and other non-HQLA securities funded by the Group; by the rates at which they are expected to flow out under the scenario up to an aggregate cap of 75% on total expected inflows as % of total expected cash outflows.

(USD'000)

		Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)							
High Quality Liquid Assets										
_	1 Total HQLA 611,954									
Cash outflows Retail Deposits and deposits from small										
2	business customers, of which:									
3	Stable Deposits	56,575	1,697							
4	Less Stable Deposits	966,722	96,672							
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which	900,722	50,072							
5	Operational Deposits (all counterparties) and									
6	deposits in networks of cooperative banks	_	-							
7	Non- Operational Deposits (all counterparties)	1,546,916	1,075,551							
8	unsecured sukuk	-	-							
9	secured wholesale funding		68,295							
10	additional requirements of which;									
	outflows related to shariaa compliant hedging									
	instruments exposures and other collateral		-							
11	requirements	-								
	outflows related to loss of funding on financing	_	-							
12	products									
13	credit and liquidity facilities	90,616	8,729							
14	other contractual funding obligations	916	366							
15	other contingent funding obligations	147,387	7,369							
16	Total Cash outflows		1,258,680							
	h inflows									
17	secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-							
18	inflows from fully performing exposures	1,049,124	1,035,506							
19	other cash inflows	-	-							
20	total cash inflows	1,049,124	944,010							
			Total Adjusted Value							
21	Total HQLA		611,954							
22	Total Net Cash outflow		314,670							
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		194%							

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR) for the quarter ended 31st December 2024

Introduction

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is defined as the amount of available stable funding (ASF) relative to the amount of Required stable funding (RSF) This ratio should be equal to at least 100% on an ongoing basis. In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued the regulations to banks operating in Bahrain on the reporting of the Net Stable Funding Ratio effective 31 March 2019.

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR)

The Group's NSFR stood at 133% as at 31st December 2024.

Available Stable Funding (ASF)

ASF is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to 1 year. The Group reported Total weighted ASF value was USD 9,468 mn.

Required Stable Funding (RSF)

RSF is defined as the portion of assets and OBS exposures expected to be funded on an ongoing basis over a 1-year horizon. The total weighted RSF stood at USD 7,117 mn.

No.	Item	No Specified Maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value
Avail	able Stable Funding (ASF):					
1	Capital:					
2	Regulatory Capital	970,191	-	-	37,669	1,007,860
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:					
5	Stable deposits		65,905	29,479	867	91,481
6	Less stable deposits	-	2,545,891	707,728	94,156	3,022,413
7	Wholesale funding:					
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other Wholesale funding	-	4,192,610	626,516	1,228,072	5,314,678
10	Other liabilities:					
11	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities		-	-	-	
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	493,681	-	31,852	31,852
13	Total ASF					9,468,285
Requ	ired Stable Funding (RSF):					
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					96,049
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes					
16	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:	-	1,327,483	-	1,089,511	1,125,207
17	Performing financial to financial institutions by level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured					
18	performing financing to financial institutions	_	83,116	-	1,221,817	1,080,103
10	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business		00,110		1,221,017	1,000,100
19	customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	_	353,642	97,683	456,441	522,349
17	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio		200,012	>1,000	100,111	022,017
20	guidelines	_	-	-	-	-
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio					
22	Guidelines	_	-	-	-	-
	Securities/sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded					
23	equities	_	700,060	-	487,126	837,156
24	Other assets:				, í	Í Í
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-
	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts and contributions to					
26	default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	-
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets		-	-	-	3,536
28	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		-	-	-	
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	3,354,998	-	-	-	3,354,998
30	OBS items		-	-	-	97,366
31	Total RSF		2,464,301	97,683	3,254,896	7,116,764
32	NSFR(%)		_,,	, .,000	-,,570	133%